CITY OF LORENZO, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

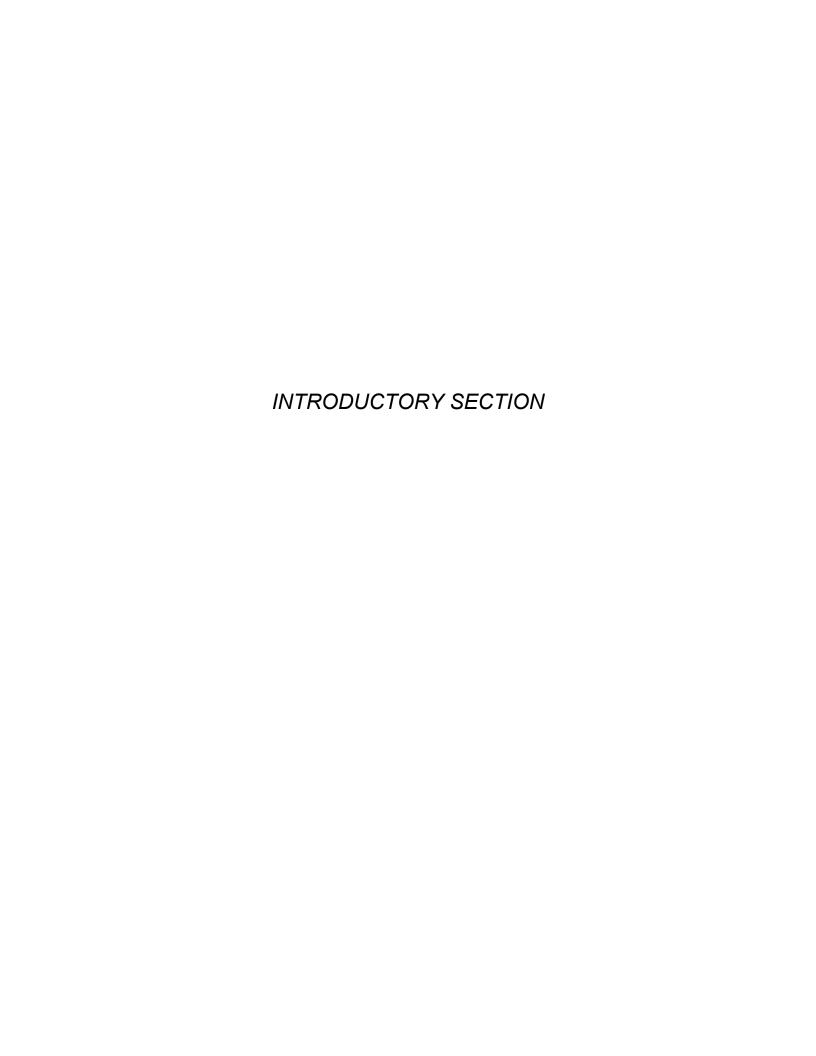
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MARCH 31, 2025

CITY COUNCIL

Lori Landin Mayor

Cheryl Birdwell Mayor Pro-Tem

Earlene Rampy Member

Janet Peterson-Gonzales Member

Rhonda Cypert Member

Steven Longoria Member

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Michael Chambers
Lisa Hernandez
City Manager
City Secretary



Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

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Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lorenzo P.O. Box 430 Lorenzo, TX 79343-0430

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lorenzo, Texas, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lorenzo, Texas as of March 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Lorenzo, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension schedules, identified as required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lorenzo, Texas' basic financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 30, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Lorenzo, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lorenzo, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Lorenzo, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Lubbock, Texas July 30, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Lorenzo's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025. Please read this in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased as a result of this year's operations. While net position of our business-type activities increased by \$153,125, net position of our governmental activities increased by \$13,852.
- During the year, the City had expenses that were \$30,424 less than the \$530,996 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs prior to interfund transfers.
- In the City's business type activities, expenses were \$149,355 more than the \$557,274 charges for services prior to grant revenues totaling \$285,908 and transfers in of \$16,572.
- The General Fund reported a surplus this year of \$1,348 prior to interfund transfers out of \$16,572. The General Fund fund balance decreased \$15,224.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$3,806 less than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures for the General Fund were less than the budgeted amounts for an overall favorable variance in spending of \$17,561.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the City as a Whole -- The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and changes in it. You can think of the City's net position—the differences between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads, to assess the *overall health* of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, ambulance, fire, public works, and parks departments, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover the cost of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer, and garbage services are reported here.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the City's funds begins on page 10. The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. At times a city council may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes, such as special projects or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain Federal or State grants. The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental* and *proprietary* – use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on Exhibits C-1R and C-3.
- Proprietary funds—When the City charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the City—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position was \$3,703,768. Our following analysis focuses on the net position (Table A-1) and changes in net position (Table A-2) of the City's government and business-type activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The City's combined net position was \$3,703,768 at March 31, 2025. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1 City of Lorenzo's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		В	Susiness-type Activities		Total			
			Percentage	Percentage					Percentage
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	Change	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	Change	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	Change
Current assets:									
Cash and Temporary Investments	402,638	417,987	-4%	190,810	205,250	-7%	593,448	623,237	-5%
Other Current Assets	114,920	96,242	19%	42,298	310,160	-86%	157,218	406,402	-61%
Total current assets:	517,558	514,229	1%	233,108	515,410	-55%	750,666	1,029,639	-27%
Noncurrent assets:									
Net Pension Asset	125,908	112,209	12%	157,562	141,261	12%	283,470	253,470	12%
Capital Assets, net of depreciation	568,102	566,065	0%	3,259,288	3,159,482	3%	3,827,390	3,725,547	3%
Total noncurrent assets	694,010	678,274	2%	3,416,850	3,300,743	4%	4,110,860	3,979,017	3%
Total Assets	1,211,568	1,192,503	2%	3,649,958	3,816,153	-4%	4,861,526	5,008,656	-3%
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred Outflows - Pension	4,406	12,113	-64%	5,513	15,249	-64%	9,919	27,362	-64%
Total Deferred Outflows	4,406	12,113	-64%	5,513	15,249	-64%	9,919	27,362	-64%
Current liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	12,702	17,092	-26%	22,140	303,361	-93%	34,842	320,453	-89%
Accrued Liabilities	-	- 17,002	0%	8,717	5,810	50%	8,717	5,810	50%
Due within one year	_	_	0%	18,000	5,411	233%	18,000	5,411	233%
Total current liabilities	12,702	17,092	-26%	48,857	314,582	-84%	61,559	331,674	-81%
Noncurrent liabilities:	12,702	11,002	2070	10,001	011,002	0170	01,000	001,011	0170
Due in more than one year	_	_	0%	981,000	999.000	-2%	981,000	999.000	-2%
Customer Deposits	_	_	0%	44,115	42,808	3%	44,115	42,808	3%
Total noncurrent liabilities		_	0%	1,025,115	1,041,808	-2%	1,025,115	1,041,808	-2%
Total Liabilities	12,702	17,092	-26%	1,073,972	1,356,390	-21%	1,086,674	1,373,482	-21%
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows - Grants			0%	73,215	122,215	-40%	72 245	122,215	-40%
Deferred Inflows - Grants Deferred Inflows - Pension	2.450	4 500			,		73,215	,	
	3,459	1,563 1.563	121% 121%	4,329	1,967	120% -38%	7,788	3,530 125,745	121% -36%
Total Deferred Inflows	3,459	1,503	121%	77,544	124,182	-38%	81,003	125,745	-30%
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets	568,102	566,065	0%	2,260,288	2,155,071	5%	2,828,390	2,721,136	4%
Restricted	-	-	0%	92,636	46,315	100%	92,636	46,315	100%
Unrestricted	631,711	619,896	2%	151,031	149,444	1%	782,742	769,340	2%
Total Net Position	1,199,813	1,185,961	1%	2,503,955	2,350,830	7%	3,703,768	3,536,791	5%

Net position of the City's governmental activities increased 1% (\$1,199,813 compared to \$1,185,961). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - was \$631,711 at the end of this year. Net position of the City's business-type activities increased 7%, from \$2,350,830 to \$2,503,955.

Table A-2 Changes in City of Lorenzo's Net Position

	G	overnmental Activities		E	Business-type Activities			Total	
			Percentage	-	Activities	Percentage	-	TOTAL	Percentage
	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change	2025	2024	Change
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	4,108	10,300	-60%	557,274	574,757	-3%	561,382	585,057	-4%
Operating Grants	4,566	39,298	-88%	-	-	0%	4,566	39,298	-88%
Capital Grants & Contributions	-	-	0%	285,908	466,045	-39%	285,908	466,045	-39%
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	348,583	346,426	1%	-	-	0%	348,583	346,426	1%
Nonproperty Taxes	111,470	110,688	1%	-	-	0%	111,470	110,688	1%
Investment Earnings	3,720	3,437	8%	570	-	100%	4,290	3,437	25%
Other	58,549	26,787	119%	-	-	0%	58,549	26,787	119%
	530,996	536,936	-1%	843,752	1,040,802	-19%	1,374,748	1,577,738	-13%
Expenses:									
General Administration	222,090	194,052	14%	_	_	0%	222.090	194,052	14%
Public Safety	130,471	141,993	-8%	_	_	0%	130,471	141,993	-8%
Streets and Service	135,077	143,927	-6%	_	_	0%	135,077	143,927	-6%
Health and Welfare	2,365	4,989	-53%	_	_	0%	2,365	4,989	-53%
Parks & Recreation	10,569	12,441	-15%	_	_	0%	10,569	12,441	-15%
Utilities	-	,	0%	707,199	639,427	11%	707,199	639,427	11%
5 unu 55	500,572	497,402	1%	707,199	639,427	11%	1,207,771	1,136,829	6%
Excess (Deficiency) Before									
Other Resources, Uses &									
Transfers	30,424	39,534	-23%	136,553	401,375	-66%	166.977	440.909	-62%
Transiers	30,424	39,334	-23 /0	130,333	401,373	-00 /0	100,977	440,909	-02 /0
Other Resources (Uses)	_	_	0%	_	_	0%	_	_	0%
Transfers In (Out)	(16,572)	6,796	-344%	16,572	(6,796)	-344%	_		0%
Increase (Decrease) in	(10,572)	0,730	-54470	10,572	(0,730)	-54470			070
Net Position	13,852	46,330	-70%	153,125	394,579	-61%	166,977	440,909	-62%
Not Desition Regioning	1,185,961	1 120 621	4%	0.050.000	1.056.051	20%	2 526 704	2 005 002	14%
Net Position, Beginning	1,165,961	1,139,631		2,350,830	1,956,251		3,536,791	3,095,882	
Prior Period Adjustment			0%			0%			0%
Net Position, Ending	1,199,813	1,185,961	1%	2,503,955	2,350,830	7%	3,703,768	3,536,791	5%

The City's total revenues were \$1,374,748. A significant portion, 61%, of the City's total revenue comes from the water and sewer operations. Revenues available to fund governmental activities consist of property taxes (66%), non-property taxes (21%), charges for services (1%), and other (12%).

The total cost of all programs and services was \$1,207,771; 59% of these costs were for utilities production and administration expenses. Expenses for governmental activities consisted of costs for general administration (44%), public safety (26%), streets and services (27%), health and welfare (1%), and other (2%).

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the City's governmental activities were \$536,936.

- Property tax rates decreased from \$0.951756 to \$0.90917 per \$100 value. The ad valorem tax levy for the previous fiscal year was \$321,970, compared to \$351,981 for the current year. Total tax collections increased 16%, from \$302,509 in the prior year to \$351,981.
- Grants and contributions revenues decreased \$34,732.
- Charges for services decreased \$6,192.
- The City received \$36,084 from insurance proceeds in the current year for roof replacements.
- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$500,572. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through tax collections was \$348,583 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$4,108), grants and contributions \$4,566, or by nonproperty taxes (\$111,470).

Business-type Activities

Revenues of the City's business-type activities (see table A-2) were \$843,752.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on Exhibit C-1) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$420,756. The following items effecting fund balance should be noted:

- Total expenditures in the General Fund were \$506,705. Capital outlay expenditures were \$49,016.
- Revenues were \$508,053 in the General Fund. Property and non-property taxes were \$437,111.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council revised the City's budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$17,561 less than the final budget amounts. Revenues were \$3,806 less than the final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the City had \$9,107,751 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police, ambulance and fire equipment, infrastructure, buildings, furniture and equipment, and utilities facilities (see Table A-3). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$270,932 from last year.

Table A-3 Fixed Assets

Governmental	Balance		Deletions/	Balance
Activities:	04-01-24	Additions	Reclassifications	03-31-25
Land	\$ 13,275	-	-	13,275
Infrastructure	1,815,466	-	-	1,815,466
Buildings&				
Improvements	1,009,072	49,016	-	1,058,088
Furniture & Equipment	663,245	-	-	663,245
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,934,992)	(46,980)		(2,981,972)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 566,066	\$ 2,036	\$ -	\$ 568,102

Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type	Balance		Deletions/	Balance
Activities:	04-01-24	Additions	Reclassifications	03-31-25
Land	\$ 2,260	-	-	2,260
Buildings&				
Improvements	14,843	-	-	14,843
Furniture & Equipment	226,137	-	-	226,137
Water System	3,277,028	285,719	-	3,562,747
Sewer System	1,751,690	_	-	1,751,690
Right-to-Use – Leased				
Equipment	63,803	-	(63,803)	-
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,176,278)	(185,913)	63,803	(2,298,388)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,159,483	\$ 99,806	\$ -	\$ 3,259,289

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

During fiscal year 2022, the City entered into a lease for a backhoe. The lease requires 36 monthly payments of \$1,083 and is being amortized using an interest rate of 0.315%. This lease is accounted for in the Water & Sewer Fund. This lease expired in the current fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2024, the City issued Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023. The bonds were used for a new water tower and fire hydrants. The bonds are payable over 40 years and have an interest rate of 1.75%.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Water & Sewer Fund:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Revenue Bonds, 2023	\$ 999,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 999,000	\$18,000
Lease	<u>5,411</u>		<u>5,411</u>		<u> </u>
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$1,004,411	\$ -	\$ 5,411	\$ 999,000	\$18,000

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2026 budget, tax rates, and fees. Factors considered include the current economy, property tax values and the needs of the City in the coming year.

No major changes are planned for the upcoming year in programs or projects. The property tax values remained basically unchanged. The Council has adopted tax rates, budgets and increased fees accordingly. It is planned that the City's Net Position at the end of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2026 will increase slightly.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Administrator at the City's office located in Lorenzo, Texas.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2025

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Total			
ASSETS:					
Current Assets: Cash in Bank Temporary Investments Cash in Bank - Restricted for Grant Projects Accounts Receivable, net	\$ 381,577 21,061 -	\$ 24,357 - 166,453 42,298	\$ 405,934 21,061 166,453 42,298		
Property Taxes Receivable, net Nonproperty Taxes Receivable Due from Other Governments Noncurrent Assets:	84,100 18,690 12,130		84,100 18,690 12,130		
Net Pension Asset Land Infrastructure, net Buildings & Improvements, net Furniture & Equipment, net	125,908 13,275 206,674 310,703 37,450	157,562 2,260 - - 3,257,028	283,470 15,535 206,674 310,703 3,294,478		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,211,568	\$ 3,649,958	\$ 4,861,526		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Pension TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,406 \$ 4,406	5,513 \$ 5,513	9,919 \$ 9,919		
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Expense Due within one year	\$ 12,702 - -	\$ 22,140 8,717 18,000	\$ 34,842 8,717 18,000		
Noncurrent Liabilities Due in more than one year Customer Deposits	<u>-</u>	981,000 44,115	981,000 44,115		
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,702	\$ 1,073,972	\$ 1,086,674		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension	3,459	4,329	7,788		
Deferred Inflows - Grant Funds TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,459	73,215 \$ 77,544	73,215 \$ 81,003		
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$ 568,102	\$ 2,260,288	\$ 2,828,390		
Debt Service Future Asset Maintenance Unrestricted Net Position	- - 631,711	71,478 21,158 151,031	71,478 21,158 782,742		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,199,813	\$ 2,503,955	\$ 3,703,768		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended March 31, 2025

			P	rogra	am Revenue	es		Expense) Reven anges in Net Pos	
				C	perating	Capital	F	rimary Governme	ent
Functions/Programs	Expenses		arges for ervices		rants and	Grants and Contributions	Governmenta Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Government Activities:									
General Administration	\$ 222,090	\$	4,108	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (217,982) -	(217,982)
Public Safety	130,471		-		4,566	-	(125,905	,	(125,905)
Streets and Service	135,077		-		-		(135,077	,	(135,077)
Health and Welfare	2,365		-		-	-	(2,365	,	(2,365)
Parks and Recreation	10,569						(10,569	/	(10,569)
Total Government Activities	500,572		4,108		4,566		(491,898)	(491,898)
Business-type Activities									
Utility Fund	707,199		557,274			285,908	-	135,983	135,983
Total Primary Government	1,207,771		561,382		4,566	285,908	(491,898	135,983	(355,915)
	General Revenues:								
	Property Taxes, Le	vied fo	or General	Pur	ooses		348,583	_	348,583
	Franchise Taxes						50,004		50,004
	Sales Taxes						61,466		61,466
	Fines & Forfeits						11,694	-	11,694
	Investment Earning	js					3,720	570	4,290
	Miscellaneous						10,771	-	10,771
	Insurance Proceed	S					36,084		36,084
	Transfers						(16,572) 16,572	
	Total General Re	venue)				505,750	17,142	522,892
	Change in Net Po	osition					13,852	153,125	166,977
	Net Position Be	eginnir	ng				1,185,961	2,350,830	3,536,791
	Net Position Er	nding					\$ 1,199,813	\$ 2,503,955	\$ 3,703,768

BALANCE SHEET -- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2025

ACCETO	General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash Temporary Investments Property Taxes Receivable, net Nonproperty Taxes Reveivable Due from Other Governments	\$ 381,577 21,061 84,100 18,690 12,130	\$ 381,577 21,061 84,100 18,690 12,130
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 517,558	\$ 517,558
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 12,702 12,702	\$ 12,702 12,702
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes <u>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	84,100 84,100	84,100 84,100
FUND EQUITIES Assigned for: Police & Courts Fire Department Property Clean Up Fund Balance-Unassigned Total Fund Equities	12,892 11,850 90,948 305,066 420,756	12,892 11,850 90,948 305,066 420,756
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 517,558	<u>\$ 517,558</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2025

Total Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 420,756
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) are different because:	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds	84,100
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	568,102
Included in the items related to noncurrent assets is the recognition of the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$125,908, a deferred resource outflow related to Pensions in the amount of \$4,406 and a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$3,459.	
This resulted in an increase in net position by \$4,096.	 126,855
Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$ 1,199,813

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

	 General Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
REVENUES: Property Taxes (Including Penalty & Interest) Franchise Taxes Sales Taxes Fines & Permits Interest Rents Contributions Insurance Proceeds Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$ 325,641 50,004 61,466 11,694 3,720 4,108 4,566 36,084 10,770 508,053	\$	325,641 50,004 61,466 11,694 3,720 4,108 4,566 36,084 10,770 508,053	
EXPENDITURES Current General Administration Public Safety Streets & Service Health & Welfare Parks & Recreation Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	207,542 122,904 115,756 918 10,569 49,016 506,705		207,542 122,904 115,756 918 10,569 49,016 506,705	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In/(Out) Sale of Capital Assets Total Other Sources (Uses)	 1,348 (16,572) - (16,572)		1,348 (16,572) - (16,572)	
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund BalanceBeginning of Year Fund BalanceEnd of Year	\$ (15,224) 435,980 420,756	\$	(15,224) 435,980 420,756	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds	\$ (15,224)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.	49,016
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amount	49,010
of current depreciation on these assets.	(46,979)
Certain property tax revenues are unavailable in the funds. These are the amounts that have not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts have changed during the current period.	22,943
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in pension expense	 4,096
Change in Net Position Statement of Activities	\$ 13,852

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS March 31, 2025

	Ad	ness-Type ctivities er, and Sanitation
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$	24,357
Cash - Restricted		166,453
Accounts Receivable, net (allowance for		40.000
uncollectible accounts of \$3,780) Due from Other Governments		42,298
Total Current Assets		233,108
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net Pension Asset		157,562
Land		2,260
Utility Systems & Equipment, net		3,257,028
<u>Total Noncurrent Assets</u>		3,416,850
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,649,958
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	\$	5,513
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,513
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	22,140
Accrued Interest Expense		8,717
Due within one year		18,000
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due in more than one year		981,000
Customer Deposits		44,115
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,073,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Inflows - Pension	\$	4,329
Deferred Inflows - Grant Funds		73,215
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	77,544
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		2,260,288
Restricted for:		۷,۷00,۷00
Debt Service		71,478
Future Asset Maintenance		21,158
Unrestricted Net Position		151,031
TOTAL NET POSITION		2,503,955
TO THE TELL TO OTHOR	-	2,000,000

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION--PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

		Business-Type Activities	
		r, and Sanitation	
Operating Revenues			
Water	\$	304,217	
Sewer		132,194	
Sanitation		101,419	
Late Fees		19,444	
Total Operating Revenues		557,274	
Operating Expenses			
Cost of Sales - Sanitation		112,216	
Salaries		149,012	
Payroll Taxes		11,133	
Retirement Costs		477	
Health Insurance		34,818	
Depreciation		185,912	
Equipment Rental		7,582	
Insurance		18,022	
Lab Fees		2,628	
Office Supplies & Expense		14,050	
Professional Fees		13,050	
Repairs & Supplies		51,867	
Utilities & Telephone		55,931	
Water Distribution & Sewer Plant Expense		30,306	
Miscellaneous		2,685	
Total Operating Expenses		689,689	
Operating Income (Loss) Before		(400 445)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(132,415)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		570	
Interest Revenue		570	
Interest Expense		(17,510)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		(16,940)	
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		(149,355)	
Contributions and Transfers			
Capital Contribution - Grants		285,908	
Transfer from/(to) General Fund		16,572	
Total Contributions and Transfers		302,480	
Change in Net Position		153,125	
NET POSITION			
Net Position, Beginning of Year		2,350,830	
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$</u>	2,503,955	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds		
	Water, Sewer, and Sanitation Fund		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from Customers Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	545,410 (308,524) (199,643) 37,243	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers From Other Funds		16,572	
Interfund Balances Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		16,572	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Long-Term Debt Payments on Long-Term Debt Acquisition of Capital Assets Capital Contributions - Grants Net Cash (used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(20,014) (566,752) 517,941 (68,825)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(14,440)	
BalancesBeginning of the Year BalancesEnd of the Year	\$	205,250 190,810	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$	(132,415)	
provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		185,912	
Receivables, net Accounts and other payables Customer Deposits		(13,171) (4,390) 1,307	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	37,243	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Lorenzo, Texas, was incorporated under the provisions of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Council-Secretary form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets, sanitation, health and social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Other services include utilities operations.

The basic financial statements of the City of Lorenzo have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. The Reporting Entity

The City, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operations of the City of Lorenzo. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the City of Lorenzo.

The financial statements of the City include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the City. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the over-reporting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--Continued

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's Funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resource measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies--Continued

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus utilizing the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The fund equity is segregated in net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

c. Fund Balance Classification

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City currently has net position restricted in the Water & Sewer Fund under the terms of a USDA grant/loan contract. These restricted amounts are \$71,478 for future debt service and \$21,158 for future maintenance on the water tower.

Assigned: This classification represents amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the City Council or by an official or body to which the City Council delegates the authority. Fund balance can be assigned by the City Administrator or their designee. Currently, the City has fund balances assigned of \$12,892 for court technology and police department activities; \$11,850 is assigned for fire department activity; and \$90,948 is assigned for property clean up.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

The City would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, then assigned fund balances as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

It is the City's policy to use restricted net position first, followed by unrestricted resources, but reserves the right to selectively spend unrestricted net position first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Accounting Policies--Continued

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments purchased with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of March 31, 2025, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$40,272. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory.

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Accounting Policies--Continued

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

Catina ata d

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30 Years
Buildings	50 Years
Building Improvements	20 Years
Vehicles	5-15 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3-15 Years
Computer Equipment	3 Years

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The City believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the period end.

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City currently has one item which qualifies for reporting in this category related to pensions.

Governmental Funds: In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City currently has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 March 31, 2025

Note A: Summary of Accounting Policies--Continued

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note B: Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violations</u> <u>Action Taken</u> None Reported Not Applicable

Note C: Deposits and Investments

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 March 31, 2025

Note C: Deposits and Investments (continued)

Cash Deposits

At March 31, 2025, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$572,387 and the bank balance was \$577,202. The City's cash deposits at March 31 and for the year then ended were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

Investments

The City is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of appropriate policies, the City adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the City were in accordance with local policies.

State statutes and Council policy authorize the City to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; 3) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas; 4) obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies; 5) other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the state of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities; 6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and 7) public funds investment pools. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the FDIC or obligations of items 1-4 above at 102% of the investment's market value.

The City's investments at March 31, 2025 included certificates of deposit in the amount of \$38,795 and investment pools of \$21,062.

Fund Rating Investment Pool	Wtd Average (Standard & Poor's)	<u>Maturity</u>	Amount
Texpool	AAAm	37 Days	\$ 21,062

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of now lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 March 31, 2025

Note C: Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires the determination as to whether the City was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the City was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

At year end, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the City was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the City was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 March 31, 2025

Note D: Capital Assets

Governmental Activities:

Land Construction in Progres Infrastructure Buildings& Improvement Furniture & Equipment	Balance 04-01-24 \$ 13,275 ss - 1,815,466 - 1,009,072 663,245	Additions 49,016	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance 03-31-25 13,275 - 1,815,466 1,058,088 663,245
Total Capital Assets	\$ 3,501,058	\$ 49,016	\$ -	\$ 3,550,074
Less Accumulated Depreciation:	Balance <u>04-01-24</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance <u>03-31-25</u>
Infrastructure Buildings&	1,587,734	21,058	-	1,608,792
Improvements Furniture & Equipment	730,882 616,376	16,503 <u>9,419</u>	<u>-</u>	747,385 625,795
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 2,934,992	\$ 46,980		\$ 2,981,972
Net Capital Assets	\$ 566,066	\$ 2,036	\$	\$ 568,102

Business-Type Activities:

	Balance				Deletions/		Balance
	<u>04-01-24</u>	<u>A</u>	dditions	Re	eclassification	<u>s</u>	<u>03-31-25</u> _
Land	\$ 2,260		-		-		2,260
Buildings	14,843		-		-		14,843
Water System	3,277,028		285,719		-		3,562,747
Sewer System	1,751,690		-		-		1,751,690
Furniture & Equipment	226,137		-		-		226,137
Right-to-Use – Leased							
Equipment	63,803		-		(63,803)		<u> </u>
Total Capital Assets	\$ <u>5,335,761</u>	\$ 2	<u> 285,719</u>	\$	(63,803)		\$ 5,557,677

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 March 31, 2025

Note D: Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance 04-01-24	,	Additions	R	Deletions/ eclassifications		Balance 03-31-25
Less Accumulated		_					<u> </u>
Depreciation:							
Buildings	\$ 14,843		-		-		14,843
Water System	1,176,972		111,123		-		1,288,095
Sewer System	791,120		42,501		-		833,621
Furniture & Equipment	138,401		23,428		-		161,829
Right-to-Use – Leased							
Equipment	 54,942		8,861	_	(63,803)	_	-
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation	\$ 2,176,278	\$	185,913		(63,803)		\$ 2,298,388
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,159,483	\$	99,806	\$	-		\$ <u>3,259,289</u>

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

General Administration	\$ 16,908
Public Safety	7,567
Streets & Services	21,058
Health & Welfare	1,447
Water & Sewer	<u> 185,913</u>
Total Depreciation	\$ 232,893

Note E: Long-Term Obligations

During fiscal year 2022, the City entered into a lease for a backhoe. The lease required 36 monthly payments of \$1,083 and is being amortized using an interest rate of 0.315%. This lease is accounted for in the Water & Sewer Fund. This lease expired in the current fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2024, the City issued Water System Revenue Bonds, Series 2023. The bonds were used for a new water tower and fire hydrants. The bonds are payable over 40 years and have an interest rate of 1.75%.

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended March 31, 2025 are as follows:

Water & Sewer Fund:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Revenue Bonds, 2023 Lease Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 999,000 <u>5,411</u> \$1,004,411	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - <u>5,411</u> \$ 5,411	\$ 999,000 - \$ 999,000	\$ 18,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 March 31, 2025

Note E: Long-Term Obligations

Future payments required for long-term obligations at March 31, 2025 are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities	S		
Year Ending March 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total		
2026	\$ 18,000	\$ 17,565	\$ 35,565		
2027	18,000	17,565	35,565		
2028	19,000	16,565	35,565		
2029	19,000	16,565	35,565		
2030	19,000	16,565	35,565		
2031-2035	102,000	75,825	177,825		
2036-2040	111,000	66,825	177,825		
2041-2045	121,000	56,825	177,825		
2046-2050	132,000	45,825	177,825		
2051-2055	144,000	33,825	177,825		
2056-2060	157,000	20,825	177,825		
2061-2064	<u>139,000</u>	<u>5,695</u>	<u>144,695</u>		
	<u>\$ 999,000</u>	<u>\$ 390,470</u>	<u>\$ 1,389,470</u>		

Note F: <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended March 31, 2025 consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	Transfer From <u>Other Funds</u>	Transfer To Other Funds		
General Fund: Proprietary Fund	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 16,572</u>		
Proprietary Fund: General Fund	<u>16,572</u>			
<u>Total</u>	<u>\$ 16,572</u>	<u>\$ 16,572</u>		

These interfund transfers represent cash flow transfers between the general fund and proprietary fund in the normal course of business.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 March 31, 2025

Note G: TMRS-Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Lorenzo participates as one of 938 plans in the defined benefit cash-balance plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is a statewide public retirement plan created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for employees of Texas participating cities. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of TMRS with a six-member, Governor-appointed Board of Trustees; however, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report) that can be obtained at tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the Member's benefit is calculated based on the sum of the Member's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest. The retiring Member may select one of seven monthly benefit payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a lump sum distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the total Member contributions and interest.

	Plan Year 2024	Plan Year 2023
Employee deposit rate	5.0%	5.0%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	1.5 to 1	1.5 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility		
(expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/25	60/5, 0/25
Updated Service Credit	100%	100%
Annuity Increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI	70% of CPI

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13

March 31, 2025

Note G: <u>TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2024 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	6
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active employees	<u>6</u>
Total	16

Contributions

Member contribution rates in TMRS are either 5%, 6% or 7% of the Member's total compensation, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the city. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The city's contribution rate is based on the liabilities created from the benefit plan options selected by the city and any changes in benefits or actual experience over time.

Employees for the City of Lorenzo were required to contribute 5% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Lorenzo were 1.46% and 1.49% in calendar years 2024 and 2025, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended March 31, 2025 were \$8,418, and were more than the required contributions. The City contributed at a rate of 3.14%.

Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year, adjusted down for population declines, if any Investment Rate of Return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 March 31, 2025

Note G: TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with 110% of the Public Safety table used for males and 100% of the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018 to December 31, 2022. The assumptions were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by best estimate ranges of expected returns for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by weighting the expected return for each major asset class by the respective target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of the expected return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2024 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.00%	7.10%
Core Fixed Income	6.00%	5.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	6.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	5.00%	6.40%
Private Equity	13.00%	8.50%
Private Debt	13.00%	8.20%
Real Estate	12.00%	6.70%
Infrastructure	6.00%	6.00%
Other Private Markets	4.00%	7.30%
Total	100.00%	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 March 31, 2025

Note G: <u>TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive Members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Change in the Net Pension Liability

	tal Pension Liability (a)	r Fiduciary et Position (b)	et Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/23	\$ 487,548	\$ 741,018	\$ (253,470)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	27,465		27,465
Interest	33,132		33,132
Change of benefit terms			
Difference between expected and actual experience	6,597		6,597
Changes of assumptions	-		-
Contributions - employer		8,316	(8,316)
Contributions - employee		13,242	(13,242)
Net investment income		76,140	(76,140)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(20,879)	(20,879)	-
Administrative expense		(494)	494
Other changes	 	 (10)	 10
Net changes	 46,315	 76,315	 (30,000)
Balance at 12/31/24	\$ 533,863	\$ 817,333	\$ (283,470)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the city, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the city's Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in	1%	1% Increase in			
	Dis	scount Rate	Discount Rate	Di	scount Rate		
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
City's net pension							
liability/(asset)	\$	(204,256)	\$ (283,470) \$	(348,129)		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 March 31, 2025

Note G: <u>TMRS-Pension Plan (continued)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, by Participating City. That report may be obtained at *tmrs.com*.

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended March 31, 2025, the city recognized pension expense of \$119.

At March 31, 2025, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferre	ed Inflows of
			Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	7,810	\$	241
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	-	\$	1,091
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measure	\$	-	\$	6,456
date December 31, 2021	\$	2,109	\$	
Total	\$	9,919	\$	7,788

\$2,109 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability for the year ending March 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended Dec 31:	
2025	\$ 4,412
2026	11,712
2027	(10,880)
2028	(5,222)
2029	-
Thereafter	 _
Total	\$ 22

Note H: Litigation

There was no reportable litigation pending or in progress against the City at March 31, 2025.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 March 31, 2025

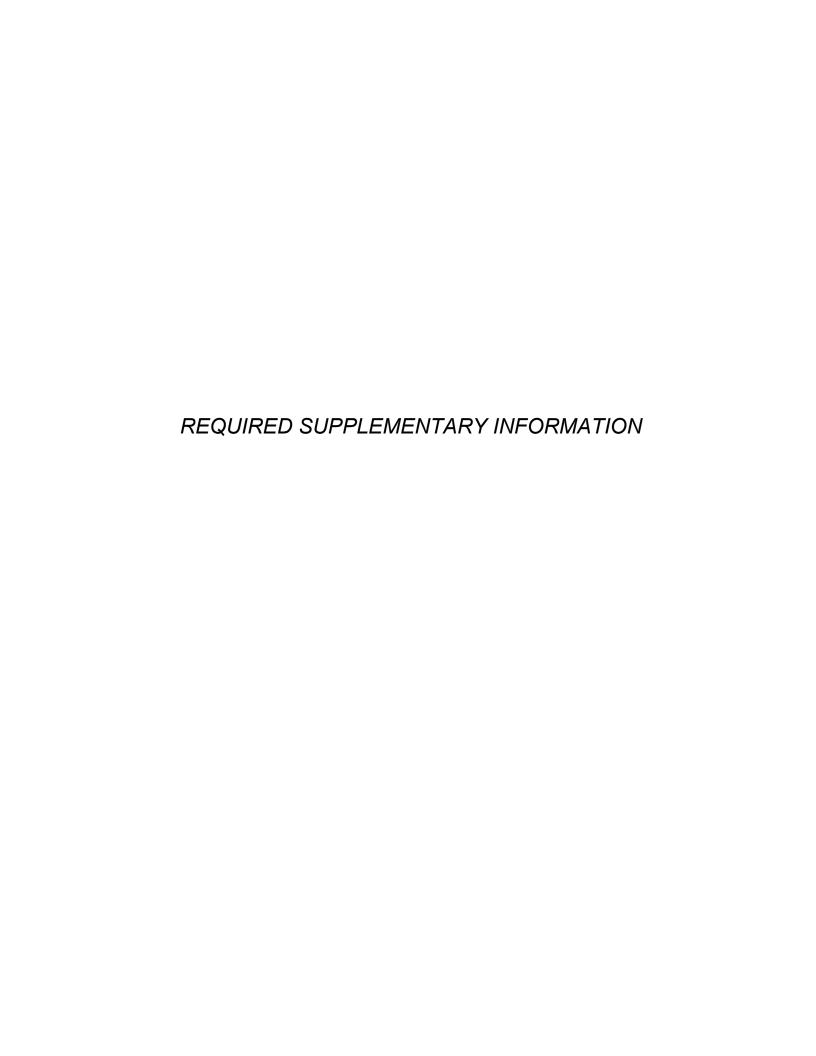
Note I: Risk Management

The City manages risk by purchasing property, liability, and workers compensation insurance through the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the Pool). The Pool's mission is to provide Texas municipalities and other units of local government with a stable source of risk financing and loss prevention services at the lowest cost consistent with sound business practices. The Pool provides property, liability and workers' compensation coverage for certain governmental entities of the State of Texas. Member entities include municipalities, housing authorities, councils of governments, hospital districts, water districts and tax appraisal districts. The Pool consists of separate funds: the Workers' Compensation Fund, the Liability Fund, the Property Fund, the Reinsurance Fund, and the Stability Fund. The financial results of these coverages are accounted for in separate funds by the Pool.

The Pool purchases excess insurance to protect against catastrophic losses that exceed the Pool's self-insurance retention. This excess insurance is purchased from domestic A-rated companies.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The Pool engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on September 30. The Pool's audited financial statements as of September 30, 2024, are available on their website at http://tmlirp.org.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

	General Fund							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues	Φ.	204.000	Φ	204.000	Φ	005.044	Φ.	4 044
Property Taxes (Including Penalty and Interest)	\$	324,000	\$	324,000	\$	325,641	\$	1,641
Franchise Taxes Sales Taxes		55,000		55,000		50,004		(4,996)
Fines & Permits		53,000		53,000		61,466		8,466
•		10,000		10,000		11,694		1,694
Interest Rents		2,500 4,300		2,500 4,300		3,720 4,108		1,220
Contributions						•		(192)
Insurance Proceeds		4,500		4,500 36,084		4,566 36,084		66
Miscellaneous		- 22,475		22,475		10,770		- (11,705)
			_					
<u>Total Revenues</u>		475,775		511,859		508,053		(3,806)
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Current								
General Administration		193,680		208,680		207,542		1,138
Public Safety		117,500		127,500		122,904		4,596
Streets & Service		150,570		125,570		115,756		9,814
Health & Welfare		2,500		2,500		918		1,582
Parks and Recreation		11,000		11,000		10,569		431
Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		49,016		49,016		_
Total Expenditures		475,250		524,266		506,705		17,561
Other Financing Sources (Heas)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In/(Out)		(525)		(16,625)		(16,572)		53
Sale of Capital Assets		(323)		(10,023)		(10,372)		55
·		(525)	_	(16.625)		(16 F72)		53
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(323)		(16,625)		(16,572)		
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources								
Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		-		(29,032)		(15,224)		13,808
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		435,980	_	435,980		435,980		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	435,980	\$	406,948	\$	420,756	\$	13,808

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/ASSET AND RELATED RATIOS - TMRS (unaudited)

	Dec	ember 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Dec	ember 31, 2019	Dec	ember 31, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017		ember 31, 2016	Dec	ember 31, 2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost	\$	27,465	\$	26,144	s	25,163	\$	23,373	\$	22,197	\$	21,250	\$	28,343	\$	26,579	\$	22,481	\$	21,808
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Changes of benefit terms	•	33,132	Ť	30,327	Ť	28,902	•	27,325	Ť	25,978	Ť	28,676	Ť	28,482	Ť	29,961	Ť	27,885	Ť	26,765
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions		6,597		7,885 (2,675)		(4,306)		(510)		(8,637)		(54,636) (524)		(10,242)		(55,619)		30		(876) 3,056
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(20,879)		(20,690)		(37,600)		(17,831)		(22,518)		(47,888)		(32,445)		(14,981)		(28,398)		(12,292)
Net change in Total Pension Liability		46,315		40,991		12,159		32,357		17,020		(53,122)		14,138		(14,060)		21,998		38,461
Total Pension Liability - Beginning Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	•	487,548 533,863	•	446,557 487,548	•	434,398 446,557	•	402,041 434,398	•	385,021 402,041	•	438,143 385,021	•	424,005 438,143	•	438,065 424,005	•	416,067 438,065	•	377,606 416,067
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	<u>a</u>	555,005	a	467,346	Đ.	440,557	Ф	434,396	<u>ə</u>	402,041	<u>ə</u>	303,021	Ф	430,143	a	424,005	<u>ə</u>	430,000	Đ.	410,007
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																				
Contributions - employer		8,316		7,863		7,705		7,050		6,575		6,509		8,799		8,188		4,772		5,226
Contributions - employee Net investment income		13,242 76,140		12,521 76.121		12,191 (53,207)		11,226 84,125		10,470 46,143		10,325 86.093		14,018 (17,506)		13,080 70.415		10,945 32,989		11,230 715
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(20,879)		(20,690)		(37,600)		(17,831)		(22,518)		(47,888)		(32,445)		(14,981)		(28,398)		(12,292)
Administrative expense		(494)		(490)		(465)		(393)		(301)		(487)		(339)		(365)		(373)		(435)
Other		(10)	_	(4)	_	555		2	_	(10)	_	(15)	-	(18)	_	(19)		(20)		(21)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		76,315 741,018		75,321 665,697		(70,821) 736,518		84,179 652,339		40,359 611,980		54,537 557,443		(27,491) 584,934		76,318 508,616		19,915 488,701		4,423 484,278
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	817,333	\$	741,018	\$	665,697	\$	736,518	\$	652,339	\$	611,980	\$	557,443	\$	584,934	\$	508,616	\$	488,701
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	(283,470)	\$	(253,470)	\$	(219,140)	\$	(302,120)	\$	(250,298)	\$	(226,959)	\$	(119,300)	\$	(160,929)	\$	(70,551)	\$	(72,634)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage																				
of Total Pension Liability		153.10%		151.99%		149.07%		169.55%		162.26%		158.95%		127.23%		137.95%		116.11%		117.46%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	264,847	\$	250,422	\$	243,828	\$	224,526	\$	209,408	\$	206,507	\$	280,351	\$	261,601	\$	218,900	\$	224,597
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		-107.03%		-101.22%		-89.87%		-134.56%		-119.53%		-109.90%		-42.55%		-61.52%		-32.23%		-32.34%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - TMRS (unaudited)

					Fiscal Year E	Inding March 31,				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 3,935	\$ 3,435	\$ 3,562	\$ 4,166	\$ 4,559	\$ 4,294	\$ 7,242	\$ 8,569	\$ 5,836	\$ 4,855
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	8,419	8,053	7,778	7,145	6,582	6,445	8,070	8,661	5,836	4,855
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (4,484)	\$ (4,618)	\$ (4,216)	\$ (2,979)	\$ (2,023)	\$ (2,151)	\$ (828)	\$ (92)	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Covered employee payroll	\$268,094	\$ 256,468	\$ 247,711	\$ 227,554	\$ 209,618	\$ 205,248	\$ 257,007	\$ 275,818	\$ 240,337	\$ 209,525
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	3.14%	2.43%	2.32%

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION March 31, 2025

Schedule of Contributions – TMRS

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are

calculated as of December 31 and become effective

in January, 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period N/A

Asset Valuation Method 10 year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.60% to 11.85% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 6.75%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that vary by age.

Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period ending 2022.

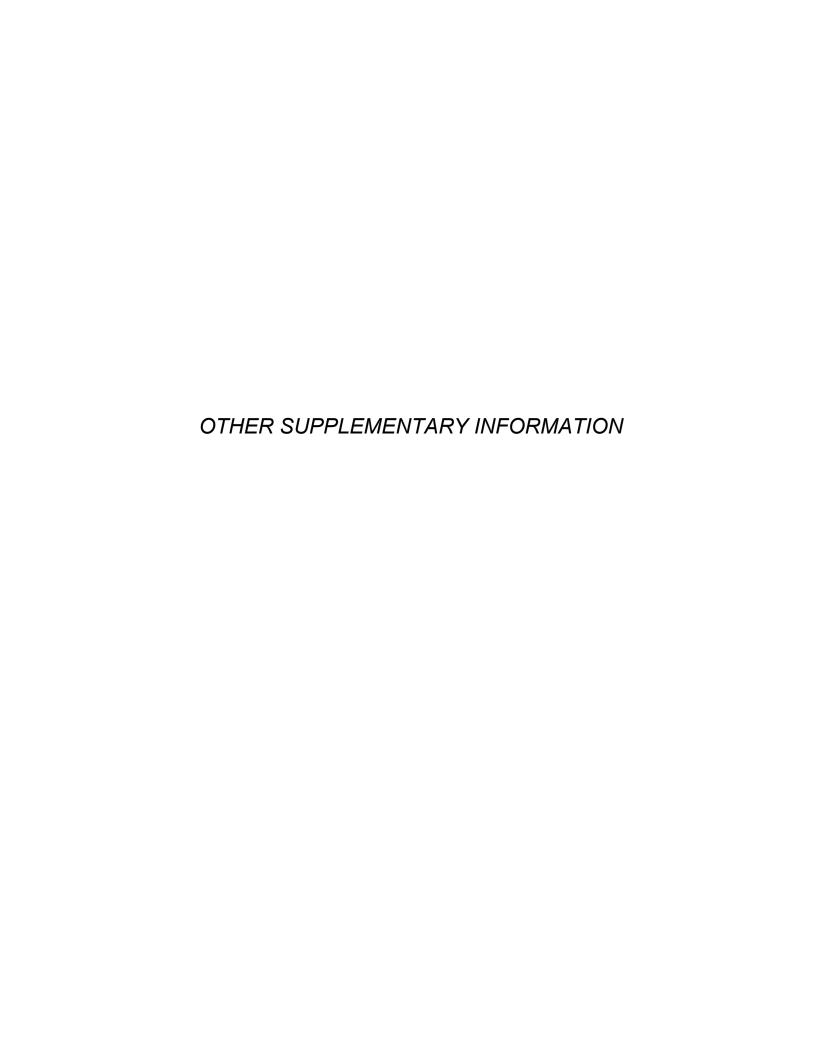
Mortality Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas

Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence). Pre-retirement: PUP(10) mortality tables, with the 110% of the Public Safety table used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-

2021 (with immediate convergence).

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.



SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Years Ended March 31	Tax Rate Per \$100 Value	Assessed/Appraised Value for Tax Purposes	Balance 04/01/24	Add: Current Levy	Less: Collections	Total Year's Adjustments	Balance 03/31/25
2016 and Prior	\$	\$	\$ 5,318	\$ -	\$ 28	\$ -	\$ 5,290
2017	0.6868	26,744,030	1,004	-	18	-	986
2018	0.7353	26,925,745	1,507	-	56	-	1,451
2019	0.9003	29,812,396	2,607	-	469	-	2,138
2020	0.9003	30,729,535	3,944	-	273	(80)	3,591
2021	0.9034	29,343,923	5,362	-	1,223	(80)	4,059
2022	0.9034	31,145,783	6,608	-	657	(80)	5,871
2023	0.8583	34,559,711	13,833	-	3,378	(76)	10,379
2024	0.9518	33,829,049	55,651	-	31,796	(358)	23,497
2025	0.9092	38,714,542		351,981	283,837	(1,034)	67,110
		<u>Totals</u>	\$ 95,834	\$ 351,981	\$ 321,735	\$ (1,708)	\$ 124,372

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

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Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lorenzo P.O. Box 430 Lorenzo, TX 79343

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lorenzo, Texas, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lorenzo's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 30, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Lorenzo's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lorenzo's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lorenzo's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Terry & Kiny

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

Lubbock, Texas July 30, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

A.	Summary of Auditors' Results		
	Financial Statements		
	Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
	Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X_No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	X_No
В.	Financial Statement Findings		
	NONE		
C.	Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs		
	NONE		

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	if Not Implemented
None	N/A	N/A

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended March 31, 2025

Not Applicable – None Required